LANNEBO

Lannebo Sverige

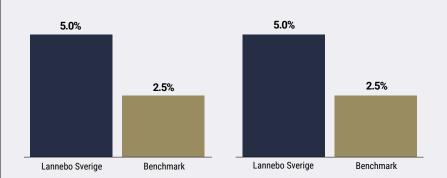
Swedish-registered equity fund Monthly report January 2021

The money you invest in a fund can both increase and decrease in value and it is not certain that you will get back the full amount invested.

 Jan 2021
 Feb 2021
 Mar 2021
 Apr 2021
 May 2021
 Jun 2021
 Jul 2021
 Aug 2021
 Sep 2021
 Oct 2021
 Nov 2021
 Dec 2021

Monthly performance

Performance YTD





Recent cost focus provides for good 2020 profits.

The Stockholm Stock Exchange, as a whole, developed marginally positively during the beginning of the year. In general, large caps outperformed small caps, seen as OMXS30 versus OMXSSCPI, where the excess return was 4 percentage points.

From a macro perspective, focus is gradually shifting from monetary policy stimuli to fiscal policy stimuli. The fact that Janet Yellen, the new US Treasury Secretary, is coming from the central bank is perhaps a sign of the times when the Democrats are trying to push through continued fiscal stimulus.

Quarterly earnings reports released so far show a recovery in line with the third quarter last year. Cost levels, which remain low, are expected to increase in 2021, all other things being equal. In line with increasing demand, we are seeing inflationary trends in production chains, while increased mobility after vaccination will lead to a normalized cost base for companies.

Most central banks, including the Fed and ECB, kept their policy rates unchanged in January. The US ten-year interest rate rose by about 20 basis points during the beginning of the month, to around





Martin Wallin & Robin Nestor

Lannebo	
Sverige	Bench- mark
5.0	2.5
5.0	2.5
37.2	48.0
83.0	96.3
170.1	203.0
546.5	423.0
15.4	21.9
10.4	14.8
21.9	35.0
-1.2	-4.4
7.4	9.5
11.0	9.6
	5.0 5.0 37.2 83.0 170.1 546.5 15.4 10.4 21.9 -1.2

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\text{The}$ performance is based on closing prices.

Monthly performance,%

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
5.0					
		_			
Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec

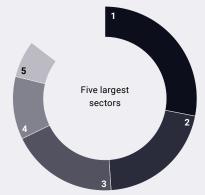
1.10 per cent at the end of the month. The Swedish krona weakened slightly against the USD, EUR and GBP.

Nokia and Veoneer outperformed the market as a whole, increasing 26 per cent and 23 per cent, respectively. Nokia, together with a number of US shares, was the subject of an interesting phenomenon where members of Reddit, a major online forum, resolved to buy shares and options in companies with either depressed prices or shorted. The American retailer of computer games GameStop was the most mentioned stock and the share price increased sharply, far exceeding a reasonable market value. Nokia was drawn into this massive buying wave and increased nearly 50 per cent on the Stockholm Stock Exchange from SEK 34 to a high of around SEK 50 during a short period. After the buying campaign came to fruition in the US ahead of the weekend, the price fell back somewhat, to what we believe are still attractive investment levels. We reduced our holding in Nokia on the days the share price surged.

Veoneer finished 2020 with an order intake amounting to \$530 million. The company estimates that it won orders in active security at a market share of 15 per cent, which is higher than the current sales volumes. Veoneer also finally signed the agreement with chip manufacturer Qualcomm. A new unit, Arriver, has been started within Veoneer, where the two companies will collaborate for the development of advanced driver support and self-driving systems. We now expect sales growth in future quarterly reports.

NCC and Boliden developed poorly, where the share price of both companies fell 6 per cent. NCC's quarterly report was given a cold reception due to lower than expected sales and order intake, together with a number of non-recurring costs. Profitability, which is a priority, was good in business areas Construction and Infrastructure. In line with the company's communication, we see the greatest value in improving profitability and developing the operating margin towards the target of 3.5 per cent in the above mentioned business areas. Boliden's share fell back in January after a strong price development at the end of December. The recent increase in the price of copper, zinc and precious metals contributed to profit growth in the mines, while a weakened Swedish krona had a negative effect. We consider the company to be attractively valued at around ten times annual profit with the assets in the Nordic region and a long-term increasing demand for extracted metals.

Sector allocation



#	Sector	% of the fund
1.	Industrials	27.2
2.	Financials	20.2
3.	Consumer discretionary	18.3
4.	Information technology	10.7
5.	Health care	6.3
6.	Communication services	6.3
7.	Materials	5.5
8.	Consumer staples	2.4
Cas	sh	3.0

10 largest holdings

Holding	% of the fund
Ericsson B	6.3
SEB A	5.8
Trelleborg B	5.5
Nordea	5.3
Swedbank A	5.2
H&M B	4.8
Volvo B	4.7
Veoneer SDB	4.2
Autoliv SDB	4.2
Handelsbanken A	3.9
Total 10 largest holdings	49.8
Cash	3.0
Total number of holdings	32

Major changes during the month

the month
Buy
Essity
AstraZeneca
Autoliv
Sell
Nokia
Volvo

Electrolux Professional

Risk and reward profile

 Lower risk
 Higher risk

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7

Financial ratios		
	Lannebo Sverige	Benchmark
Sharpe ratio	0.7	1.2
Total risk (%)	23.5	18.8
Tracking error	7.3	
Information ratio	-0.9	
Alpha	-0.7	
Beta	1.2	
Active share	67	
Portfolio turnover ratio (12/31/20)	1.6	

Fund facts

Fund manager	Martin Wallin & Robin Nestor
Launch date	08/04/00
NAV per unit (SEK)	48.66
Fund size (SEKm)	2,935
Management fee (%)	1.6
Bankgiro	5563-4604
ISIN	SE0000740680
Trading frequency	Daily
Minimum investment amount	SEK 100
PPM number	806 869
Supervisory authority	Finansinspektionen
LEI	549300GJSC541WIWX079

Risk information

Past returns are no guarantee of future returns. The money invested in the fund may increase or decrease in value and it is not certain that you will get back all the capital you have invested. The key investor information document and prospectus can be found at lannebo.se/en. Please note that Lannebo does not produce investment recommendations or other information recommending or suggesting an investment strategy. Information in this monthly report should not be seen as anything other than a statement of the fund's trading activities and holdings.

The fund is suitable for those who

- Want to take part in developments on the Swedish equity market.
- Want an actively managed fund with investments based on a clear understanding of each individual company.

The fund's investment policy

Lannebo Sverige is an actively managed equity fund that invests in shares on the Swedish equity market.

Explanations

Benchmark SIX Portfolio Return Index. The unit price of the fund is set before the price of the index is calculated. This can sometimes result in a misleading comparison between the two.

Sharpe ratio Sharpe ratio is a measure of risk adjusted return. Calculated as the ratio of the fund's excess return above the risk-free rate of return and the fund's total risk.

Total risk Given as the standard deviation of variations in the total return of the fund or index

Tracking error Tracking error is a measure of active risk in a fund. Calculated as the standard deviation of the difference between the return of the fund and its benchmark.

Information ratio A measure of riskadjusted return. This is measured as the active return divided by the portfolio's active risk.

Alpha Describes the effect of the portfolio manager's decisions on the return of the fund. A positive alpha value is the riskadjusted excess return relative to the return of the benchmark.

Beta Beta is a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements. The beta value reports how much the fund's value changes in percentage terms when the market's value changes by one percentage point

Active share A measure of the proportion of the portfolio that differ from the benchmark.

All financial ratios are calculated according to guidelines of the Swedish Investment Fund Association.









