### LANNEBS

# Lannebo Sverige Plus

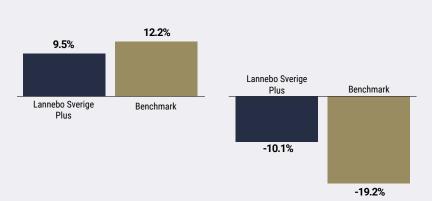
Swedish-registered equity fund Monthly report July 2022

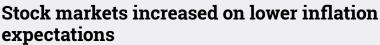
The money you invest in a fund can both increase and decrease in value and it is not certain that you will get back the full amount invested.

 Jan 2022
 Feb 2022
 Mar 2022
 Apr 2022
 May 2022
 Jul 2022
 Aug 2022
 Sep 2022
 Oct 2022
 Nov 2022
 Dec 2022

### Monthly performance

### **Performance YTD**





Strong company earnings despite a challenging cost environment

Investors began to moderate their inflation expectations during July. Central banks continued to raise key interest rates with the purpose of reducing credit-growth in order to cool down the economy. For some time now, economic indicators, industrial metals and freight prices have fallen back from previously very high levels. The hope that the current inflation trend is manageable led to both lower long-term interest rates and increased stock market optimism.

During July, companies released quarterly earnings, where many continue to see strong end markets and good order intake. As in previous quarters, companies focused on delivery capacity, which leads to cost increases and increased working capital tie-up, given companies can currently increase prices and compensate for increased costs. Supply chains continued to be strained, but the majority of companies are currently anticipating a reduction of component shortages and a generally improved resource situation during the second half of the year.





Martin Wallin & Robin Nestor

### Performance\*

Performance. %	Lannebo Sverige Plus	Bench- mark
July 2022	9.5	12.2
Year-to-date 2022	-10.1	-19.2
3 years	44.9	44.3
5 years	65.5	70.0
10 years	290.8	243.7
Since launch (12/11/08)	650.3	532.7
Average annual return 24 months	16.4	12.4
20211	33.1	39.3
20201	11.7	14.8
2019 <sup>1</sup>	22.6	35.0
2018 <sup>1</sup>	-0.7	-4.4
20171	8.8	9.5

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}{\rm The\,performance}$  is based on closing prices.

### Monthly performance, %

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	July	Jun
-1.1	-10.2	-1.8	2.0	1.1	-8.7
Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
9.5	-	-	-	-	-

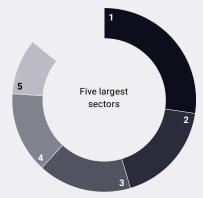
<sup>\*</sup> Net of fees

The holdings in Alfa Laval and Autoliv developed better than the market as a whole, with share price increases of 23 and 19 per cent respectively. Alfa Laval reported strong earnings with an order intake that was better across all divisions. The company's energy business was the best performer, while its marine applications business recovered compared to the previous quarter. The company sees somewhat lower demand going forward, but also an improved supply chain.

Autoliv's quarterly report came in better than expected and the company maintained its full-year forecasts and long-term margin targets. The company continues to work with price compensation to compensate for rising raw material costs. During the quarter, the company also reported a retroactive cost compensation of USD 30 million for the previous quarter, mainly due to extreme shipping prices. Something that demonstrates how extreme conditions have been for subcontractors to the automotive industry in recent quarters. The underlying price realization also improved and the company continues to work on changing the contract structure with its customers in order to increase price flexibility.

Essity and Sobi underperformed the stock market as a whole in July. Essity released Q2 earnings that were in line with market expectations, where the company clearly succeeded in implementing price increases to compensate for increased raw material prices. Sobi presented a positive Q2 report in which the company's most important product, Elocta, grew by 6 per cent compared to the same period last year. Both Essity and Sobi performed well during the previous months market declines, but neither followed the equity market gains during July.

#### Sector allocation



#	Sector	% of the fund
1.	Industrials	27.3
2.	Financials	18.0
3.	Information technology	16.4
4.	Consumer discretionary	14.2
5.	Health care	9.8
6.	Communication services	5.4
7.	Consumer staples	3.2
8.	Materials	2.2
Cas	sh	3.3

### 10 largest holdings

Holding	% of the fund
Ericsson B	6.8
Sandvik	6.1
Handelsbanken A	5.9
Nokia EUR	5.7
Millicom SDB	5.7
Swedbank A	5.6
Trelleborg B	4.7
Alfa Laval	4.5
Electrolux B	4.5
Autoliv SDB	4.4
Total 10 largest holdings	53.9
Cash	3.3
Total number of holding	s 34

### Major changes during the month

Buy	
Husqvarna	
Ericsson	
Sandvik	
Sell	
SEB	
Trelleborg	
Nokia	

# Risk and reward profile

ower risk						Higher risk	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	

Financial ratios		
	Lannebo Sverige Plus	Benchmark
Sharpe ratio	0.9	0.7
Total risk (%)	18.9	21.3
Tracking error	11.6	
Information ratio	0.3	
Alpha	0.5	
Beta	0.7	
Active share	79	
Gross equity exposure (%)	108	
Net equity exposure (%)	97	
Portfolio turnover ratio (06/30/22)	1.6	

### **Fund facts**

Fund manager	Martin Wallin & Robin Nestor
Launch date	12/11/08
NAV per unit (SEK)	73.15
Fund size (SEKm)	4,931
Ongoing charges	1.01% + 20% of any excess return
Return threshold	SIX Portfolio Return Index
Bankgiro	346-3585
ISIN	SE0002686584
Trading frequency	Daily
Minimum investment am	ount SEK 100
PPM number	490 292
Supervisory authority	Finansinspektionen
LEI	549300W8FUNESQQE9448

### **Risk information**

Past returns are no guarantee of future returns. The money invested in the fund may increase or decrease in value and it is not certain that you will get back all the capital you have invested. The key investor information document and prospectus can be found at lannebo.se/en. Please note that Lannebo does not produce investment recommendations or other information recommending or suggesting an investment strategy. Information in this monthly report should not be seen as anything other than a statement of the fund's trading activities and holdings.

# The fund is suitable for those who

- Want a Swedish equity fund with greater opportunities.
- Want an actively managed fund with investments based on a clear understanding of each individual.

## The fund's investment policy

Lannebo Sverige Plus is an actively managed equity fund that primarily invests in shares on the Swedish equity market. The fund is similar to a traditional equity fund, but with more flexible investment rules. The "Plus" label reflects the fund's ability to invest more than 100 per cent of the fund's assets. For example, the fund can invest 130 per cent in shares that the fund managers are positive about and balance this by reducing its equity exposure by 30 per cent through the sale of shares that the fund does not own. i.e. short selling.

### **Explanations**

Benchmark SIX Portfolio Return Index. The unit price of the fund is set before the price of the index is calculated. This can sometimes result in a misleading comparison between the two.

**Sharpe ratio** Sharpe ratio is a measure of risk adjusted return. Calculated as the ratio of the fund's excess return above the risk-free rate of return and the fund's total risk.

**Total risk** Given as the standard deviation of variations in the total return of the fund or index

**Tracking error** Tracking error is a measure of active risk in a fund. Calculated as the standard deviation of the difference between the return of the fund and its benchmark.

Information ratio A measure of riskadjusted return. This is measured as the active return divided by the portfolio's active risk.

**Alpha** Describes the effect of the portfolio manager's decisions on the return of the fund. A positive alpha value is the riskadjusted excess return relative to the return of the benchmark.

**Beta** Beta is a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements. The beta value reports how much the fund's value changes in percentage terms when the market's value changes by one percentage point

**Active share** A measure of the proportion of the portfolio that differ from the benchmark.

All financial ratios are calculated according to guidelines of the Swedish Investment Fund Association.







